

Global Best Practices in Combating Mobile Device Counterfeiting



experience
performance
results

Timothy Jasionowski

Vice President

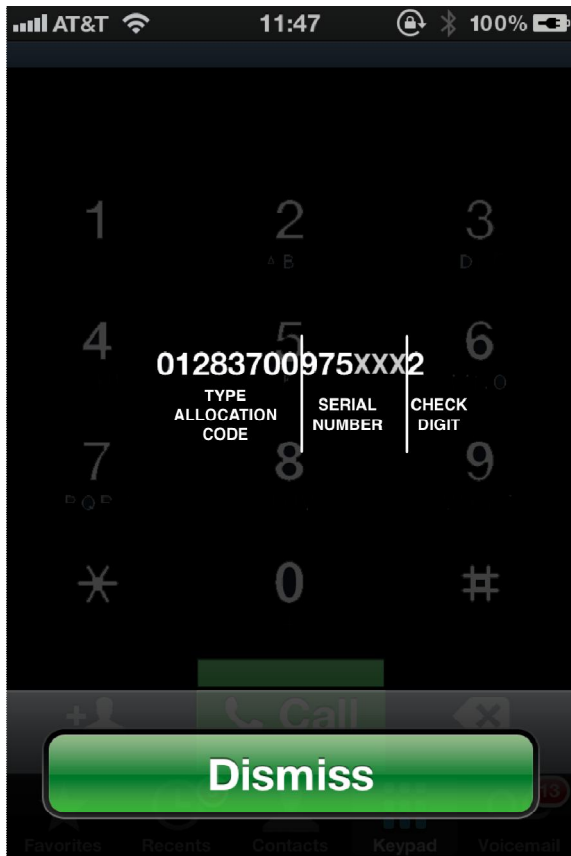
Product Management

tjasionowski@iconectiv.com

+1 781 775 3080

Basics of Device Identification: IMEI

International Mobile Equipment Identity



GSM 03.03 standardized the IMEI format to 15 digits. The format is structured as follows:

- Type Allocation Code (TAC): 8 digits
- Serial Number (SNR): 6 digits
- Spare (SP): 1 digit

Represents a globally unique device and configuration

- In this case, TAC 01283700 is a black US Market AT&T iPhone 4 with 32GB
- Multiple TAC ranges may be assigned to the same device depending on volume of device sales and other manufacturer requirements

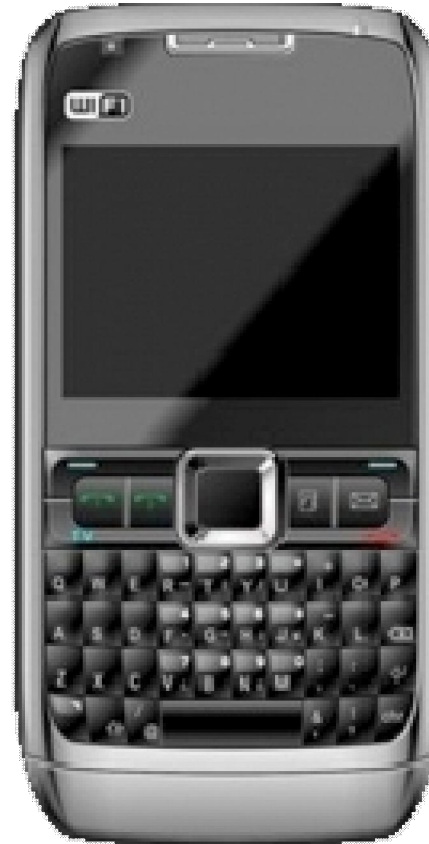
Identifies the device throughout the supply chain

- Distributor records, importation declarations and other channel management solutions use IMEI to denote specific devices
- May resolve to other manufacturer IDs

2010: 2G Knockoffs of Modern Devices



- Nokia E71
- Symbian 3.1
- Single SIM
- 3G/2G
- 801.11b/g
- Symbian Browser
- Mail for Exchange
- 2012 Street Price: \$260



- Chang Jiang E71
- Touch Screen
- Java Phone
- Dual SIM
- 2G
- 802.11b/g
- Opera Browser
- Facebook
- Analog TV
- 2012 Street Price: \$40-60

2012: Modern 3G Android Counterfeit



- Purchased August 2012
- Sold as Star X26i
- MediaTek MT6575 1Ghz Chipset
- Dual SIM
- GSM:850/900/1800/1900 MHz
- WCDMA:900/2100 MHz
- Android 4.0.3 (Ice Cream Sandwich)
- Duplicates a Legitimate Device IMEI
 - Claimed Type Allocation Code: 35626003
 - Cheng Uwei Precision Industry
 - Model OX-11
 - GSM:900/1800 MHz
- IMEIs Pass Luhn Check
- Market Price in Hong Kong: US\$150
- Wholesale Price: <\$115 (estimated)

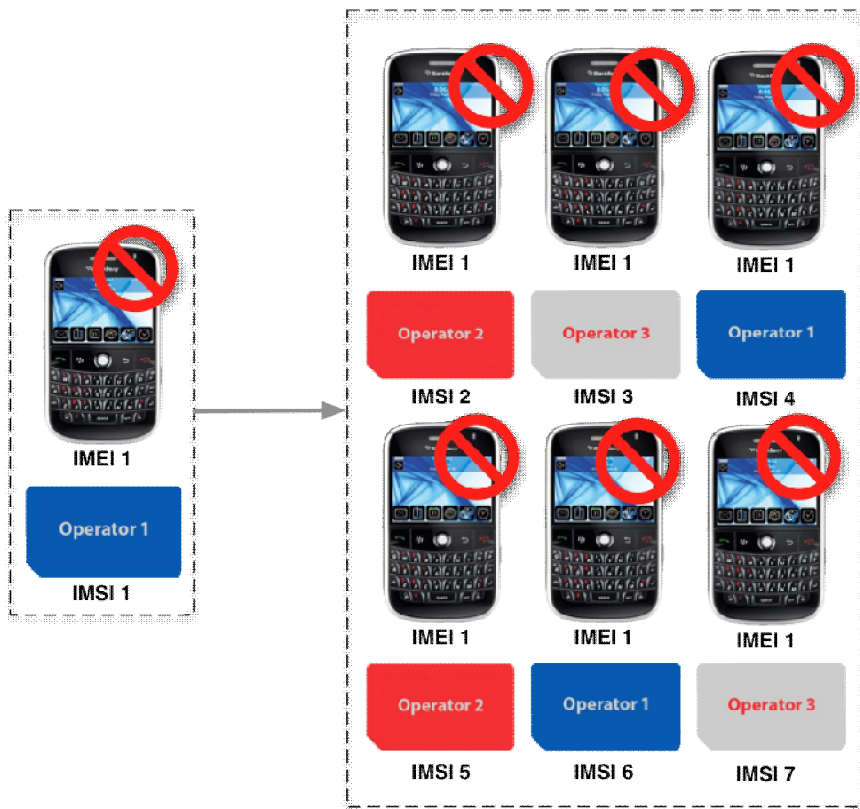
2013: Economy of Scale

Android 4.2 Phones [Get the next level >](#)

 GT-T9500 5.0" Android 4.2 Smartphone \$78.22	 K7 4.7" 4GB Android 4.2 3G SmartPhone \$169.74	 mini S4 4.3" Android 4.2 Smart Phone \$67.03
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Traditional IMEI-based Blocking No Longer Works

Use Case Example: Theft Involving Phone with Replicated IMEI



- By design, IMEIs should be globally unique and assigned to a single manufactured phone
- Illicit manufacturers and reprogrammers ignore this convention and either utilize legitimate IMEI data or simply put no IMEI number into the phone at all
- If ranges are reused or reprogramming is done blindly, the action of blocking one IMEI number in an operator EIR could block thousands of mobile devices accidentally
- Systematic management of cloned devices is better for the consumer and the operator
 - Blocked phones can not generate revenue during transition
 - Lack of transparency, notification leads to consumer confusion when actions are taken
 - Poor user experience (call drops, handoff failures) of counterfeit, uncertified phones

The Impact of Mobile Device Counterfeiting

Mobile Device Counterfeiting is an Economic Problem

- Users will always look for the best value in purchasing a mobile device
- High FRAND costs for 3G and LTE devices will create a perpetual advantage for counterfeiters
- Counterfeiting, cloning, smuggling and theft undermines legitimate resellers and domestic manufacturers of mobile devices
- Systematic, unmanaged blocking aggravates citizens while undermining operator ARPU

Mobile Phone Smuggling Undermines Source of Revenue for Governments

- Mobile devices have high import duties, VAT/GST receipts
- Counterfeit mobile devices lack unique IMEI numbers, making customs enforcement and reconciliation at PoS, at operator or in supply chain difficult
- Smuggling, customs fraud undermines domestic manufacturing incentives

Counterfeit, Uncertified Phones are a Threat to Domestic Mobile Networks

- Illicit devices generally have higher call drop rates, tower handoff failures and contribute to poor mobile network performance for all subscribers
- Loss of certification, testing revenue to regulator, undermining mission

● Solution Success Vectors

This is not a simple clearinghouse, it is an evolving model

- Fixed databases will not solve this problem
- Illicit activities will always adjust to the introduction of new countermeasures
- Like anti-virus software, systems must be able to absorb new information, adjust to new threats

This requires cooperation between commercial concerns

- Manufacturers, operators, importers and government must work together to combat these issues

This process can and should be monetized

- There is money to be recaptured through national mobile device management
- Long term benefit is pushing legitimate devices through official channels

● Mobile Phones and Key National Policies

➔ Theft

Rising mobile devices average selling prices, fluid resale markets driving device theft and, in many cases, injury or death associated with the act

➔ Smuggling and Greymarket

Greymarket importation of mobile devices, underground market channels undermining government collection of import duties and GST/VAT

➔ Terrorism and Organized Crime

Mobile phones increasingly used in the planning and execution of terrorist and criminal acts, including kidnapping and improvised explosive device (IED) triggering

➔ Counterfeiting and Cloning

Uncertified and unregulated mobile devices undermines legitimate, regulated manufactures and national industrial policies, lowers tax receipts, and deteriorating mobile network performance

● Best Practice: National Device Registries

A unified, national infrastructure for management of mobile equipment

- Apply a single economic operating model over a nation's mobile equipment ecosystem
- Act as cross-operator scheme to collect, analyze and act against a variety of mobile network-based threats
- Focus on tracking, modifying and managing consumer behavior over time
- Implement a common, automated data collection scheme across operators
- Enables cross-Operator and cross-Manufacturer analytics and reporting while maintaining structural separation of data

A platform that adapts to new and changing threats

- Track and correlate devices, subscribers and roaming mobiles across all mobile networks on a common timeline
- Provide a common enforcement regime to detect, react and discourage theft, smuggling and counterfeiting
- Create a source of new data to combat terrorism, espionage and organized crime
- Adapt and evolve over time to address ongoing and emerging threats

Thank You!



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